

Maximum Shaft Torque and Turbine Thrust Calculations:

The maximum torque produced by the test turbines as well as the maximum thrust generated was calculated. These values were to be the driving constraint on the Turbine Testing Apparatus Design. The maximum torque determined the shaft diameter on the turbine drive, the selection of sprockets and chain drive, the sizing of the resistance motor, and bearings on both the submerged and motor shafts. The maximum thrust on the turbine was used to calculate thrust bearing size in the drive shaft, the moment on the test apparatus supports, and the approximate motion that will be seen on the dynamometer.

The following assumptions were made about the dynamics of the testing procedure.

$$V_w := 3 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

Maximum flow velocity

$$\rho := 998 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$

Density of water

$$C_p := .45$$

Coefficient of performance (max is 0.593 - Betz Limit)

$$\lambda_r := \frac{1}{3}$$

Tip speed ratio (flow velocity:tip velocity) - altered by resistance we apply?

$$r_1 := 5\text{in}$$

Rotor radius possibilities r_1 , and r_2

The driving equation of the maximum power produced:

Power Density in Flow:

$$P_{fd} := 0.5 \cdot \rho \cdot V_w^3 \quad P_{fd} = 1.347 \times 10^4 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2}$$

Power in Turbine Flow:

$$P_f := P_{fd} \cdot C_p \cdot A_1 \quad \boxed{P_f = 307.209 \text{ W}}$$

The maximum Power for the above constraints was 307.2 Watts

The equation that yielded the maximum torque:

Rotational Speed:

$$\text{RPM} := \frac{V_w}{r_l \cdot \lambda_r} \quad \boxed{\text{RPM} = 676.722 \text{rpm}}$$

Torque:

$$Q := \frac{P_f}{\text{RPM}} \quad \boxed{Q = 4.335 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}}$$

The maximum Torque for the above constraints was 4.34 Newton Meters

The equation that yielded the maximum frontal thrust:

Frontal Force/Thrust:

$$T_{ww} := \frac{P_f}{V_w} \quad \boxed{T = 102.403 \text{N}}$$

The maximum Frontal Thrust for the above constraints was 102.4 Newtons

The equation that yielded the Moment on the Test Apparatus Keel:

Dw := 19.5in	Water Center to Water Surface Depth
Da := 21.5in	Water Surface to Underside of Carriage
Ht := 10in	Tower Height
Hdyno := 13in	Dyno Height
DHn := 11.5in	Nominal Dyno Plate Height

Length of Keel:

$$L_k := D_w + D_a - D_{Hr} \quad L_k = 29.5 \text{ in}$$

Moment on Keel:

$$M_k := T \cdot L_k \quad \boxed{M_k = 76.731 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}}$$

The maximum Moment on the Keel for the above constraints was 76.731 Newton Meters.

Maximum power, torque, frontal thrust, and moment on the keel will all be used as the driving design criteria for the testing apparatus.