

Approximating the Fate of Arsenic from Drinking Water Supplies in Maine

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and
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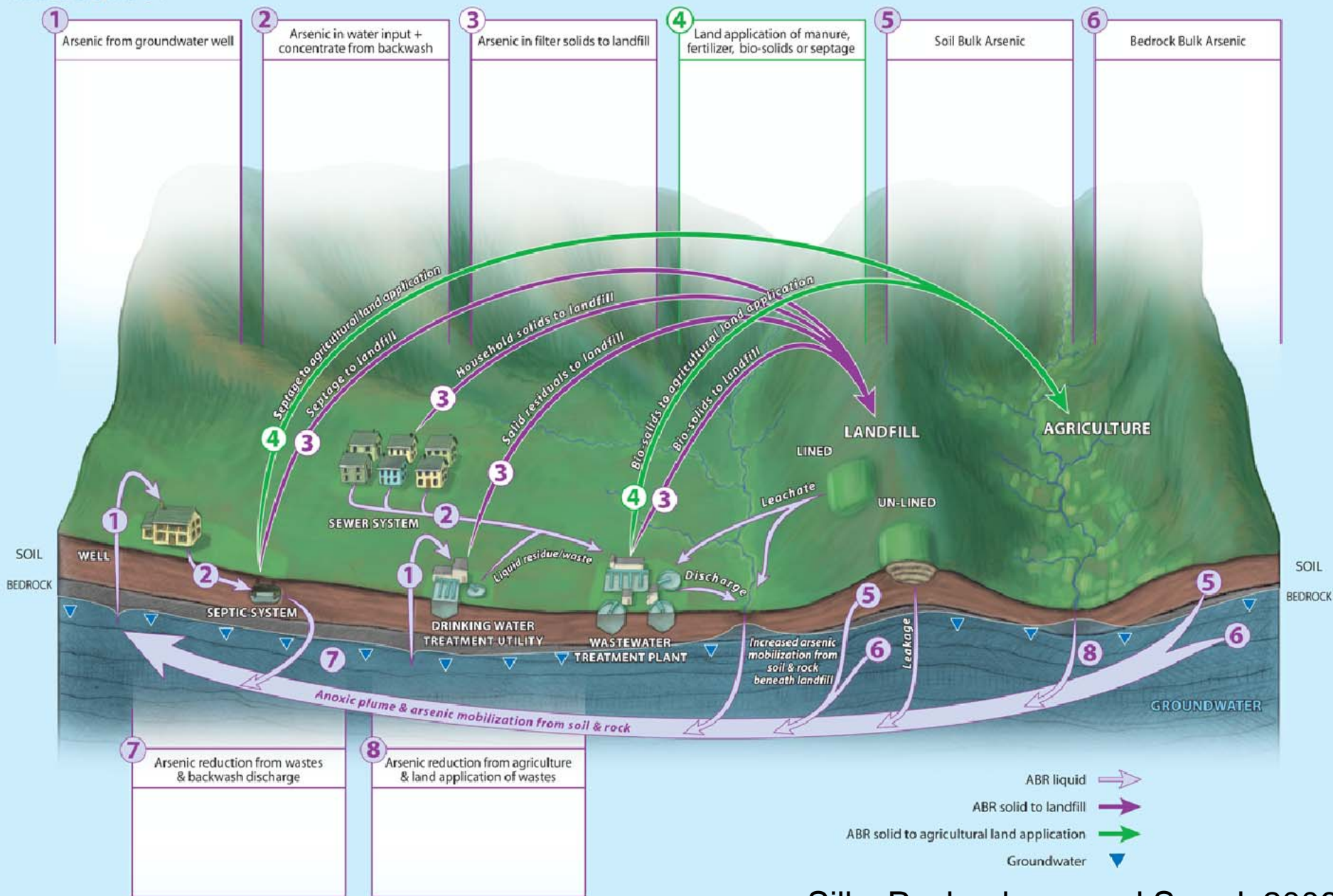


Senator George J. Mitchell Center
for Environmental and Watershed Research

- Defining the problem.
- Drinking water treatment.
- Domestic arsenic transfers.
- Fate of arsenic-bearing residuals.

Arsenic Water Treatment Life Cycle

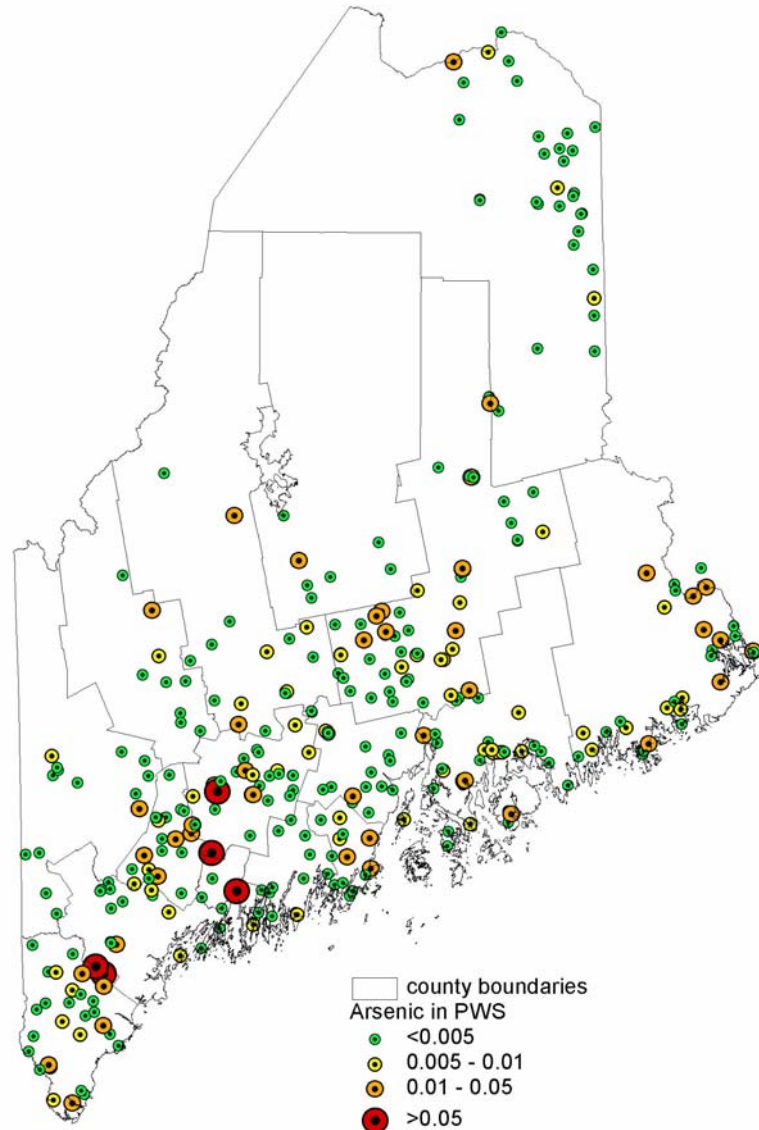
ARSENIC INPUT



GEOCHEMICAL REDUCTION

Sills, Peckenham, and Serrel, 2006

ARSENIC IN MAINE'S GROUND WATER



Review of Statewide Public Well Test Data Source Water

- 2 % > 50 ppb
- 16 % > 10 ppb
- 36 % > 5 ppb



Bladder Cancer Latest Annual Incidence Rate All Races (includes Hispanic) Both Sexes, All Ages

Counties (16)

Rank

Micromaps
for sorted column

1=Lowest

Cases per 100,000

for sorted column

20 25 30 35 40 45 50

□ U.S. (SEER+NPCR)

□ Maine

■ Washington

■ Somerset

■ Hancock

■ Arcoostook

■ Androscoggin

■ Penobscot

■ Knox

■ Sagadahoc

■ Kennebec

■ Lincoln

■ Piscataquis

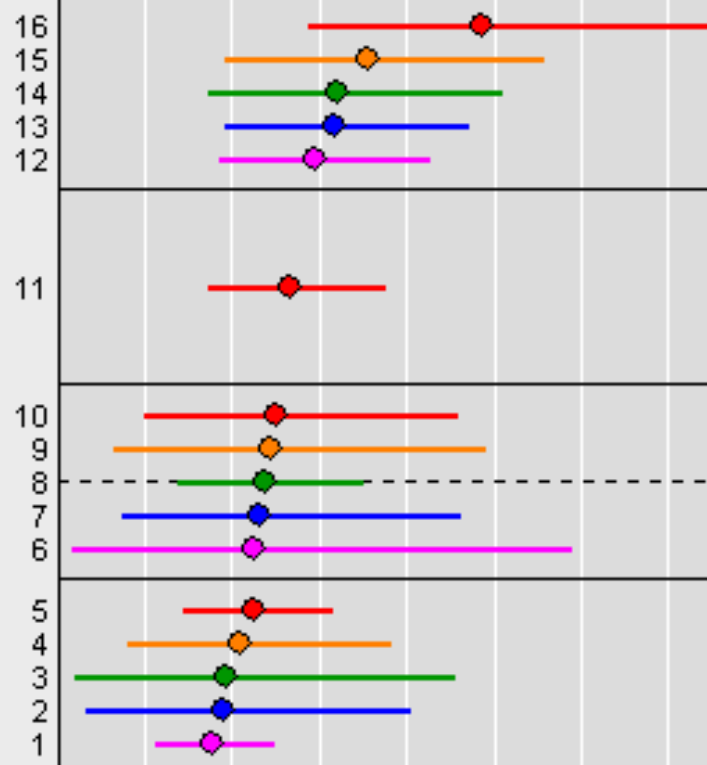
■ York

■ Oxford

■ Franklin

■ Waldo

■ Cumberland



Key

● Value and 95% Confidence Interval

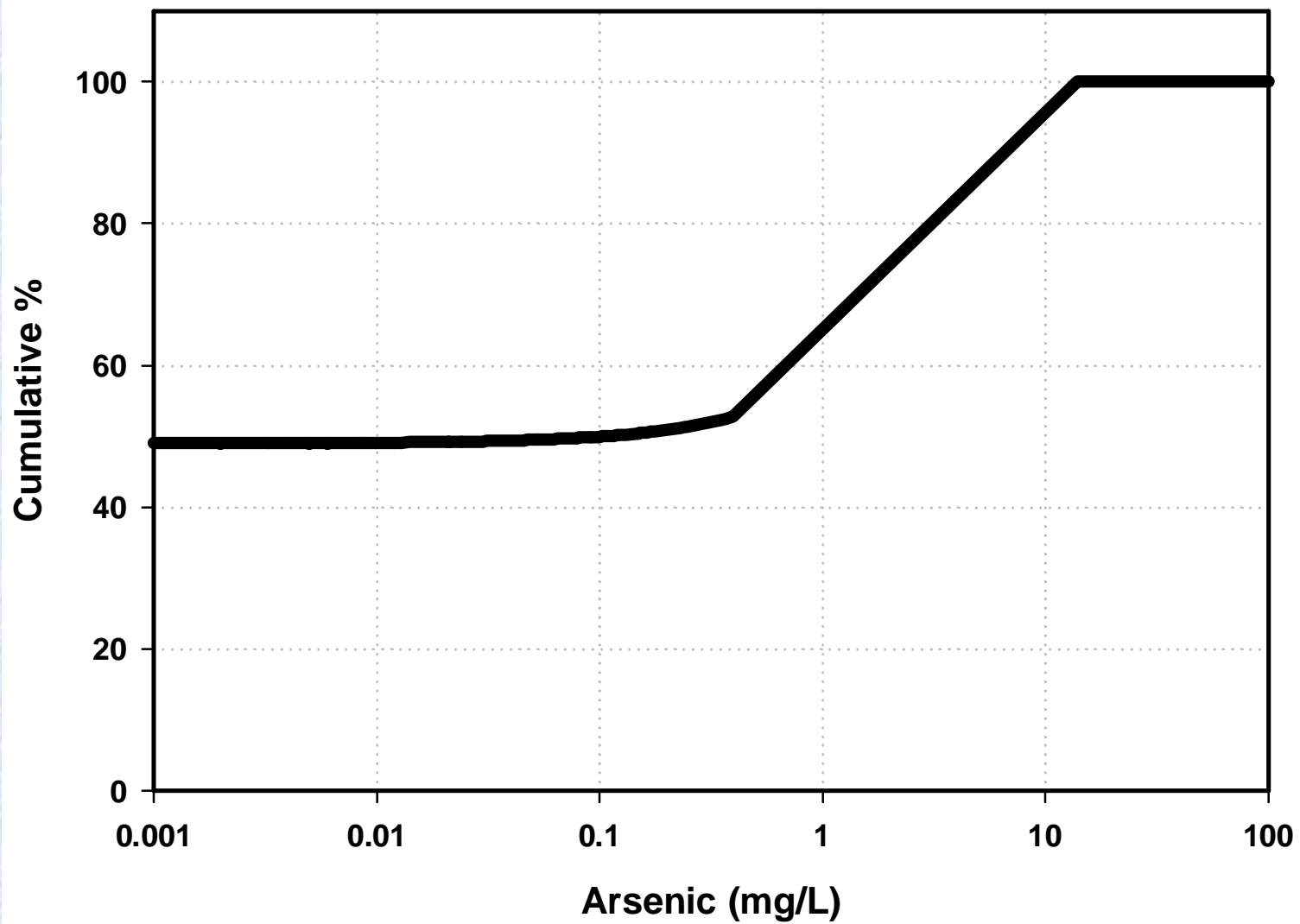
▭ Healthy People 2010 U.S. Target

-- Median value for sorted column

Arsenic: All PWS

N = 4051

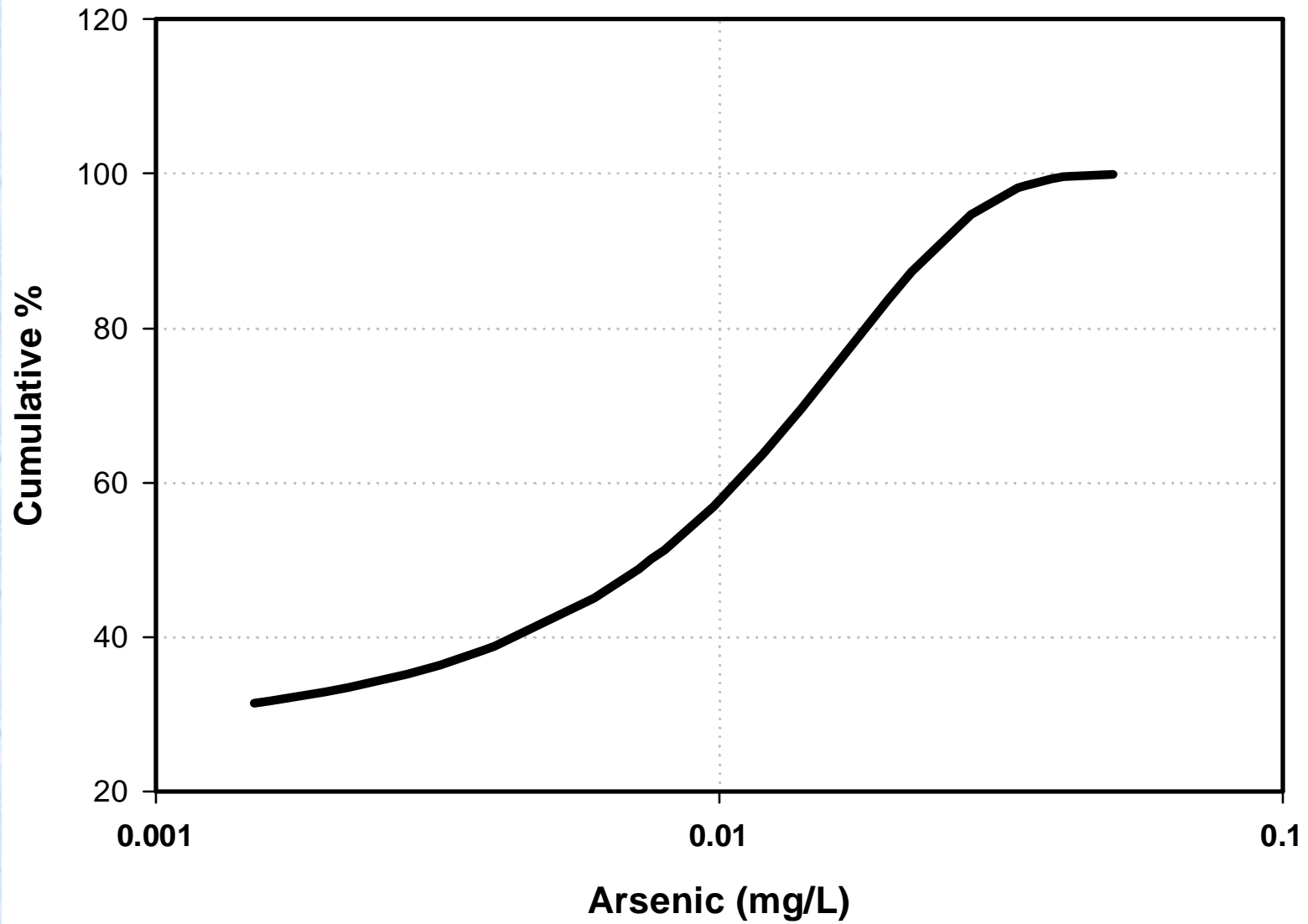
1999-2004



Arsenic (very small systems)

N=50

2000-2001



Maine 2005 Census Estimates

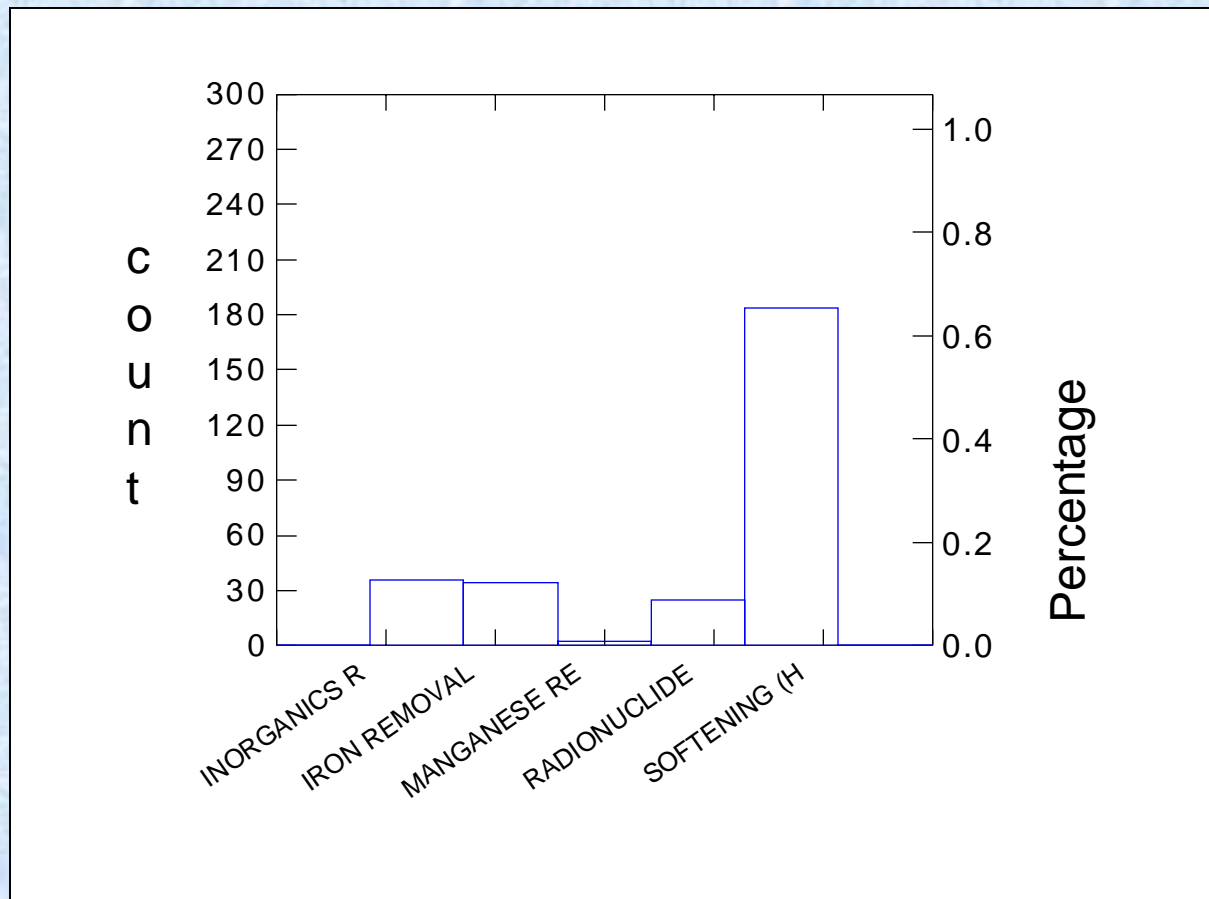
- Population: 1,320,505
- Households: 518,200
- PWS supply ~ 500,000 people
 - ~200,000 households
- Private Wells: ~300,000

TECHNOLOGIES USED IN MAINE

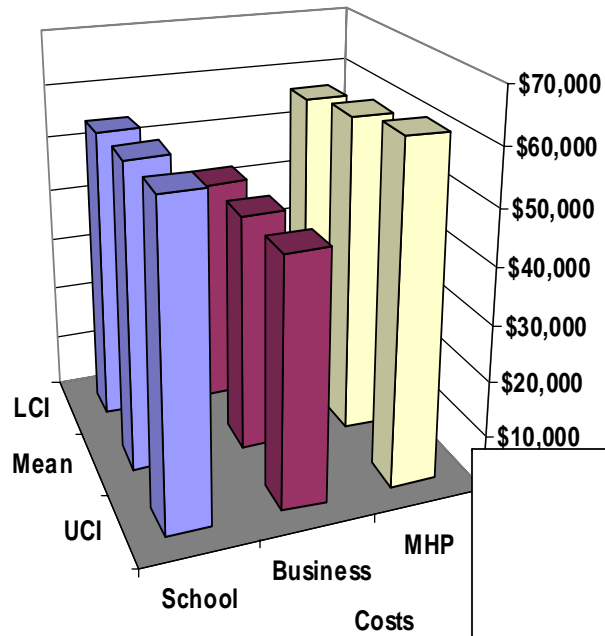
Type	Location	Capital Cost	O/M Cost	Life Cycle (years)
Activated Alumina	POU	\$600	\$1,000	~
Reverse Osmosis	POU	\$900	\$150	3-5
Reverse Osmosis	POE	\$9,000+	~	3-5
Iron Based Sorbent	POU	\$450+	\$100+/-	2-4
Iron Based Sorbent	POE	\$1,750+	\$100+/-	2-4

⇒ Costs Drive Technology Selection

Removal Techniques in PWS (N = 281)



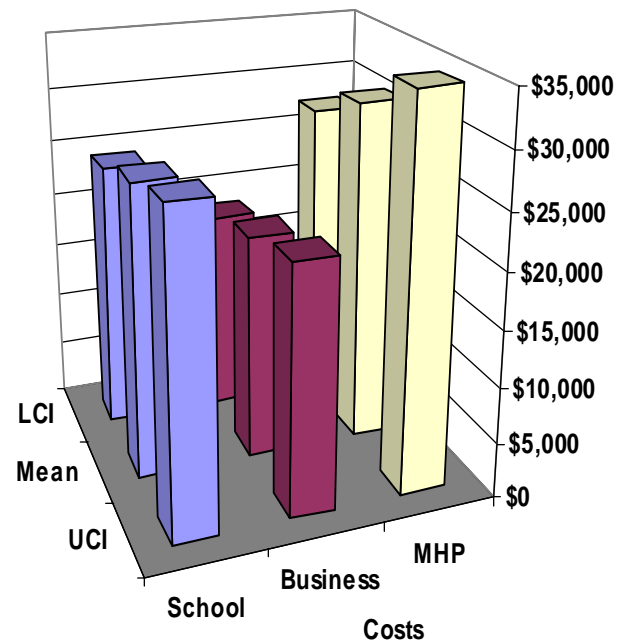
**Ion Exchange with Pre-Oxidation
Low Sulfate and Housing**



**Arsenic Removal Costs for
Small PWS**

\$20,000 to \$60,000/year.

**Activated Alumina with Disposal
pH = 7 to 8**



WATER USE

Schools = 20 gallons/person/day

Businesses = 15 gallons/person/day

Mobile Home Parks = 65
gallons/person/day

Based on USGS Estimates.

ABR 1st Approximation Private Wells

- 35% of wells >0.01 mg/L As
- 65 gpd/person = 163 gpd/household
- 300,000 households
- Range of Arsenic 0.01 to 0.05 mg/L

Low Estimate = **0.65** kg/day

High Estimate = **3.2** kg/day

ABR 1st Approximation

Small Public Supplies Using Wells

- 16% of wells >0.01 mg/L As
- N = 59 Community Supplies
- N = 72 Non-Community Supplies
- Mean Community Arsenic = 0.033 mg/L
- Mean Non-Community Arsenic = 0.023

Small Community Estimate = **1.5** kg/day
Non-Community Estimate = **0.027** kg/day

Sources & Sinks

(research needed)

- Sources

- Native Geology
- Secondary Mobilization
 - Agriculture (former use of pesticides & biosolids)
 - Land Disposal of Arsenical Materials



Sinks

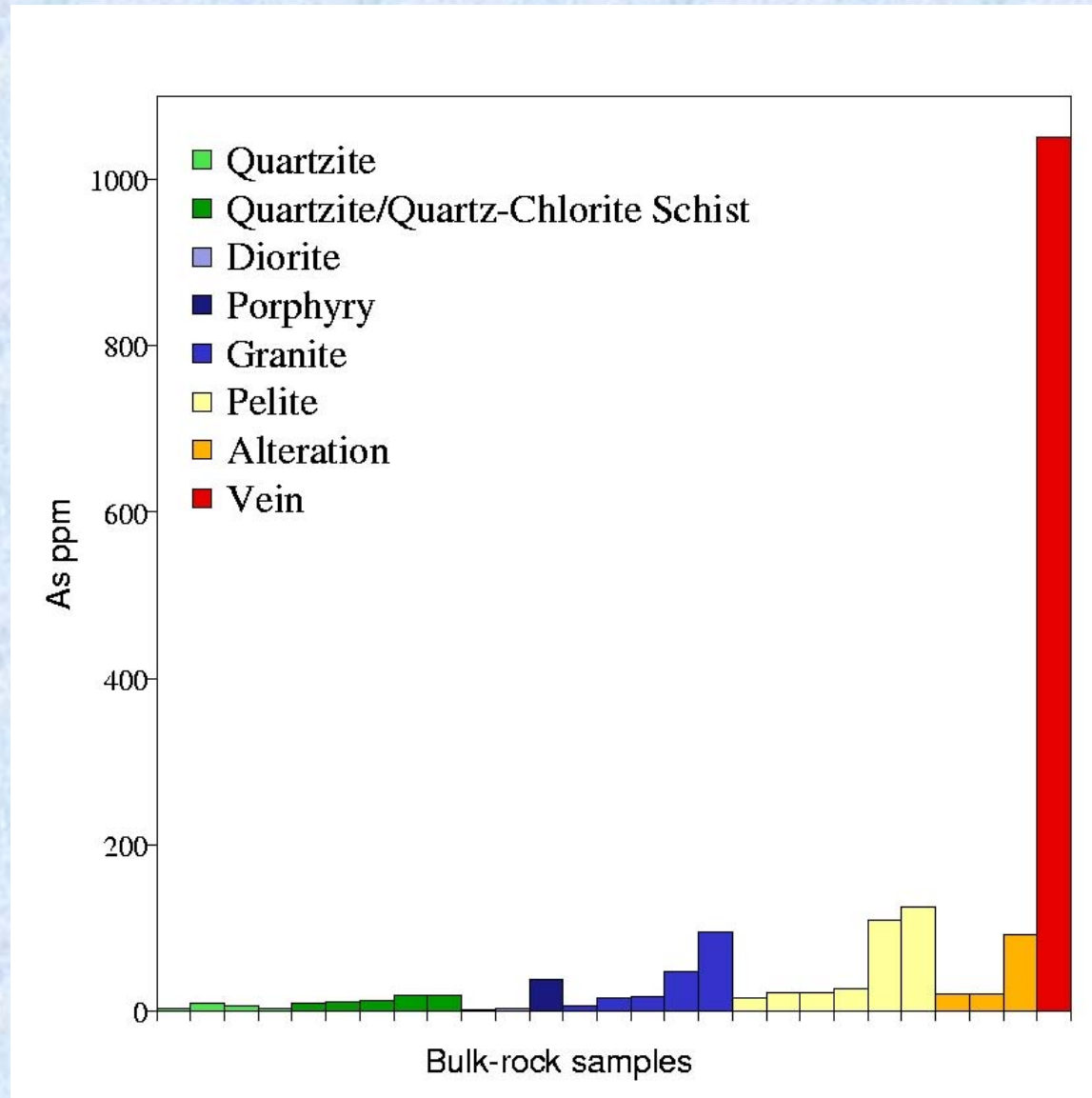
Septic Systems (20 to 100%)

WWTP (up to 100%)

Landfills (20 to 80% diverted from POU/POE)



Bulk-rock As concentrations (Northport, Maine)



Courtesy of Gail Lipfert, 2006

Septic tank processes affecting As

Average waste-water retention times = 3.1 days

Effluent

Expect:

Reduction of As(V)

As adsorbed to OM

As complexed with OM

Formation of organoarsenic acids

Solids

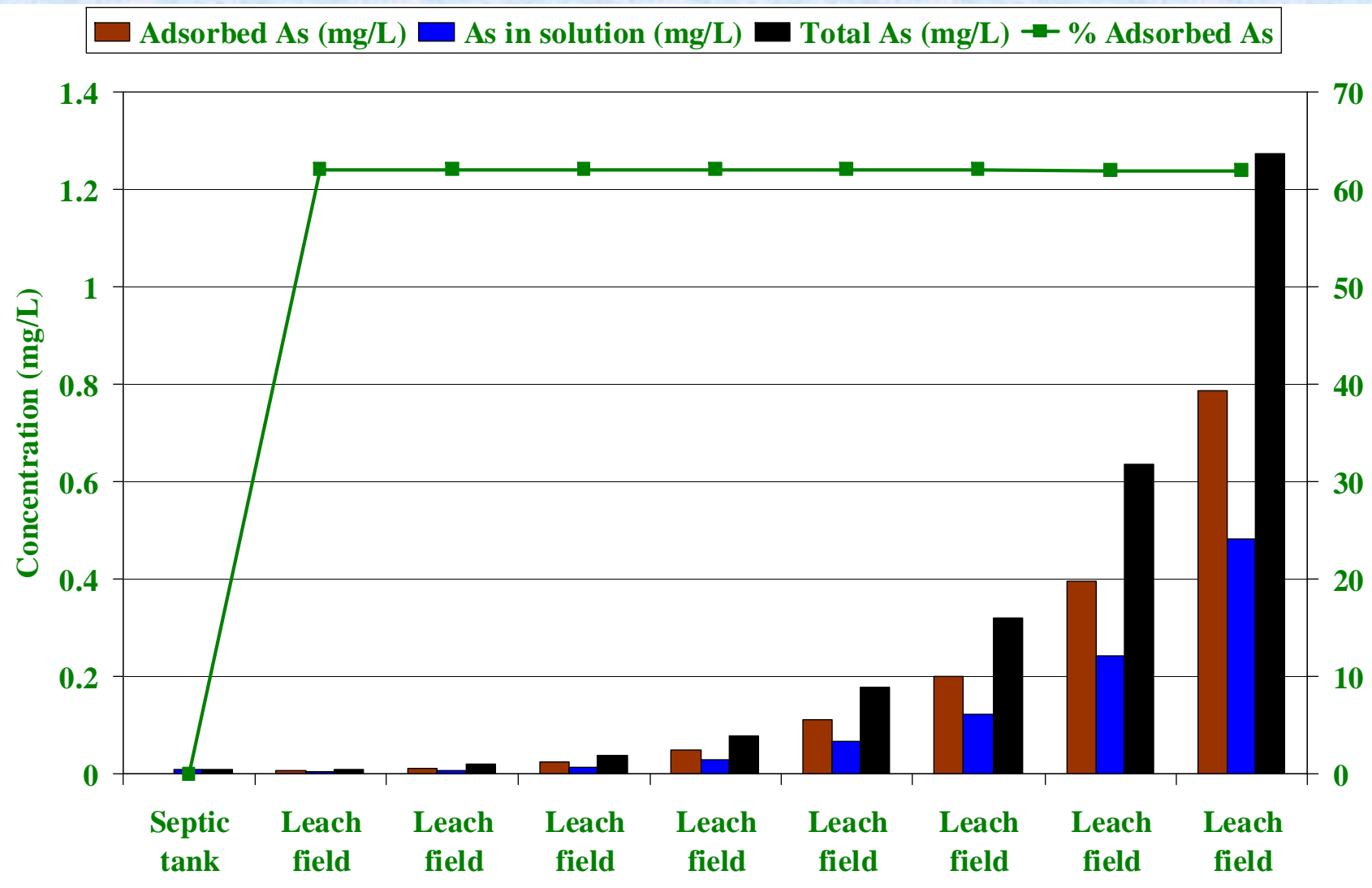
As removed from solution
by adsorption onto OM.

Microbes

As in septage: 6-9 ppm

Arsenic in the leach field

- PHREEQC batch model assumptions:
 - All OM is oxidized
 - Equilibrium with atmospheric O₂
 - Same N, P, other cations and anions as septic effluent
 - (Based on Wilhelm et al., 1994, 1996)
 - Surface complexation model (Dzombak and Morel, 1990)
 - Surface sites: 0.1 mol/mol Fe (Stollenwerk and Colman, 2003)



Closing Thoughts

- Total Daily Arsenic Passing Through Private Homes and Schools.

☹ 2.2 to 4.7 kg/day

Amount of Arsenic needed to affect one household for 1 year \cong 2.25 g.

Based Upon Mass Balance,

If ABR Recycles in the Environment

1,000 + Additional Households/Year Will Be Affected.

Plus: Fe, Mn, U, Ra,...

Information and Support Provided by:

Maine Drinking Water Program

U.S. EPA Region 1

Maine Department of Environmental Protection

Maine Geological Survey

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Maine Waste Water Control Association

UMaine Research Colleagues-

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CONTRACTORS SUPPLYING INFORMATION

Advanced Quality Water Solutions

Air and Water Quality, Inc.

Aroostook Water Care, Inc.


Everett J. Prescott, Inc.

Haskell's Water Treatment

Lowry Aeration Systems

Main Source Water Treatment

Norlens Water Treatment

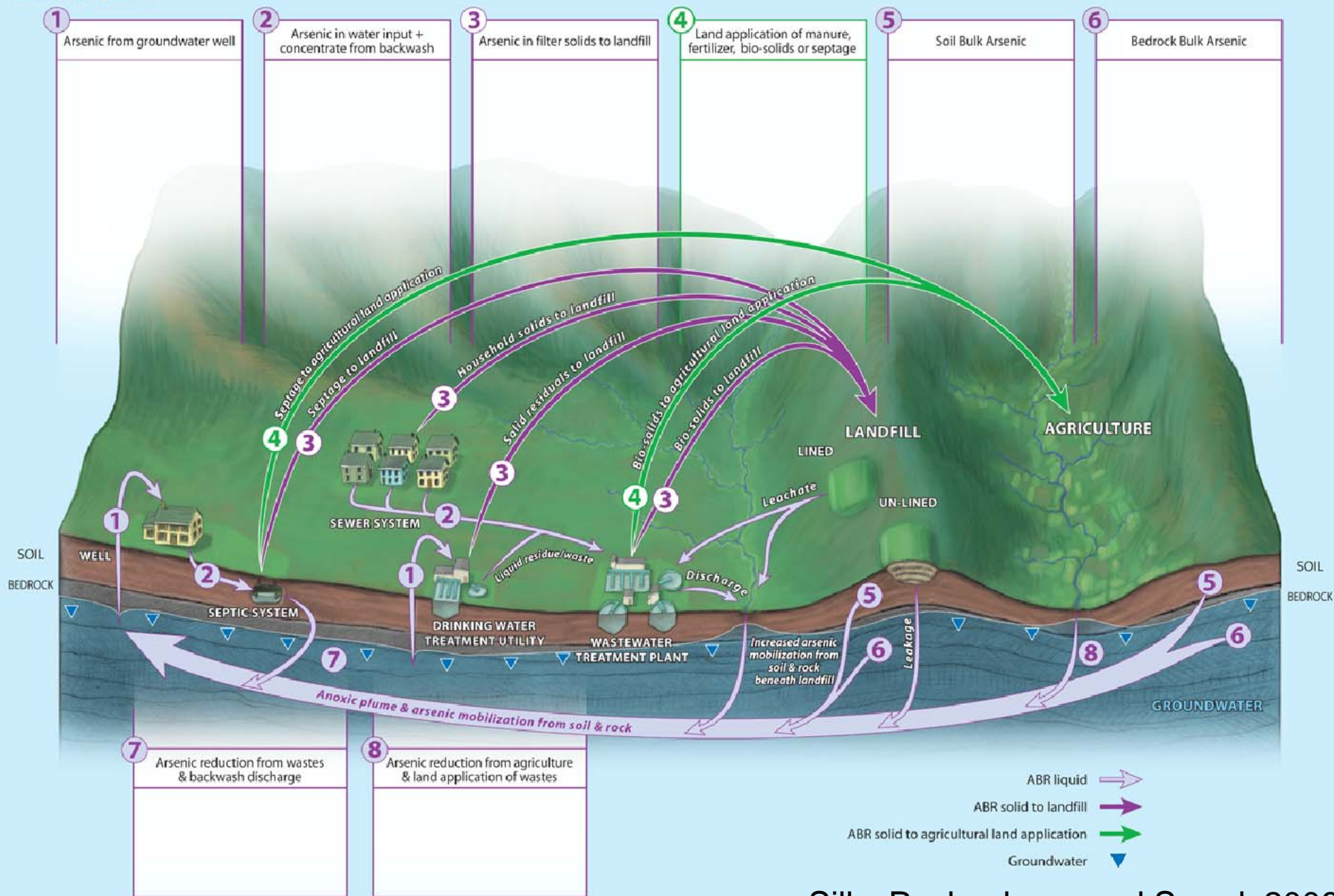


Quot Homines, Tot Sententiae

(Publius Terentius Afer).

Arsenic Water Treatment Life Cycle

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